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B. E. (Fourth Semester) Examination, April-May 2020

(New Scheme)

(Civil Branch)

SURVEYING-II

Time Allowed: Three hours

Maximum Marks : 80

Minimum Pass Marks: 28

Note: Attempt all questions. Part (a) of each question is compulsory.. Answer any two parts from (b), (c) and (d).

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Unit-I

- 1. (a) Define triangulation and trilateration.
 - (b) The altitude of two proposed station A and B,

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		100 km apart, are respectively 420 m and 700 m.	
		The intervening situated at C, 70 km from A has	
		an elevation of 478 m. Ascertain if A and B are	
		inter visible, and, if necessary, find how much B	
		should be raised so that the line of sight must	
		nowhere be less than 3 m above the surface of	
		8.00.00	7
	(c)	Write short notes on any two of the following	7
	(0)	(antialog wo/s)	/
		(i) Reconnaissance of triangulation	
		(ii) Classification of triangulation system	6.
		(iii) Strength of figure	
	(d)	What are the types of correction to be applied in	
		base line? Explain with formula.	7
		Minimum H-find Unit-II	
2.	(a)	Define the principle of least square in survey	
		adjustment.	2
	(b)	Define the following:	7
		(i) Independent quantity	
		(ii) Conditional quantity	
		(iii) Residual error	
	.8(b)	(iv) Most probable error	

	(v) Most probable v	
	(vi) Normal equation	
	(vii) Conditional equa	tion
(0	The angles of triangle	e ABC were recorded as
	follows:	
	Angle	Weight
	$A = 77^{\circ}14'20''$	4
	$B = 49^{\circ}40'35"$	3
	$C = 53^{\circ}04'52''$	uut in kara nou sii t
	Give the corrected val	ues of the angles.
(0	Explain in detail notes of	on adjustment triangulation
	figure.	
	Unit-	(a) What is Intend by Int.
(a) Write short note on rat	nge finders.
(b	Derive an expression f	or distance and elevation
	for inclined sights whe	n staff is held normal.
(c) Write short notes on a	ny two :
	(i) Total station	
	(ii) Geodimeter and t	tolluromotor

Multiplying constant and additive constant

		(d) Subtense theodolite
	(d)	A tacheometer was set up at a station C and the following readings were obtained on a vertically held staff.
	Inst	Station Staff station Vertical angle Hair reading
		C BM -5°20' 1·150, 1·80, 2·450
		C D +8°12' ·750, 1·500, 2·250
		The constant of instrument were 100 and 0·15. Find the horizontal distance CD and RL of BM is 750·500 m.
		(d) Explain in decid noise on adjourners transcul-
		Unit-IV
4.	(a)	What is meant by phototheodolite? Where it is used? 2
	(b)	Define: any four:
		(i) Photographic surveying
		(ii) GIS
		(iii) Tilt
		(iv) Exposure station
		(v) Vertical photograph
		220452(20)

d) Differentiate at least 7 points between stereo photogrammetric and aerial surveying.

Unit-V

5. (a) What is fathometer?

(b) Define the purpose of hydrographic surveying? Write a short note on three point problem in hydrographic survey.

(c) A, B and C are three visible stations in a hydrographic survey. The computed sides of triangle ABC are AB = 1130 m, BC = 1372 m, and CA = 1889 m. Outside of this triangle (and nearer to AC) a station P is established and its position is to be found by three-point resection on A, B and C. The angles APB and BPC being $42^{\circ}35'$ and $54^{\circ}20'$. Determine PA and PC.

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1 0 1
(d) Explain the method of locating soundings in
hydrographic surveying.
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Ta) What its lathrometer?

- (b) Define the purposerol hydrographic surveying:

 Write a short acts on three programming induces in
- J. P. and C. me three vision stations of a hydrographic survey. The computed sales of the computed sales of the marghe 4BC are 3B = 1100 m, AC = 1372 m, and 14 = 1889 m. Ouraide of this transple (confocute to AC) a station P is emphished and its passion is to be found by three point respection on A B and C. The angles APB and BPC being at Processing the sand SPC being the sand SPC being